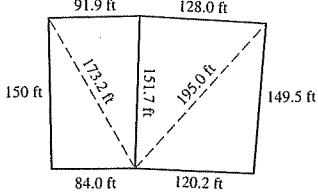


8. $-\frac{13}{12}$ 9. $\tan \theta = -\sqrt{\sec^2 \theta - 1}$ 10. 19.6 ft
 11. (a) $\theta = \tan^{-1}(x/4)$ (b) $\theta = \cos^{-1}(3/x)$ 12. $\frac{40}{41}$
 13. 9.1 14. 250.5 15. 8.4 16. 19.5 17. 78.6° 18. 40.2°
 19. (a) 15.3 m² (b) 24.3 m 20. (a) 129.9° (b) 44.9
 21. 554 ft

FOCUS ON MODELING ■ PAGE 490

1. 1.41 mi 2. 1.31 mi
 3. 14.3 m 4. 119.2 m
 5. (c) 2349.8 ft 6. 4194 ft
 7.


CHAPTER 7
SECTION 7.1 ■ PAGE 498

1. all; 1 2. $\cos(-x) = \cos x$ 3. $\sin t$ 4. $\cot t$ 5. $\tan \theta$
 6. $\sec \theta$ 7. -1 8. $\tan x$ 9. $\csc u$ 10. 1 11. $\tan \theta$
 12. $\sec \theta$ 13. 1 14. $\cos x$ 15. $\cos y$ 16. $\sin x$ 17. $\sin^2 x$
 18. $\sin x$ 19. $\sec x$ 20. 1 21. $2 \sec u$ 22. 1 23. $\cos^2 x$
 24. $\sin A + \cos A$ 25. $\cos \theta$ 26. $1 - \sin x$

27. (a) LHS = $\frac{1 - \sin^2 x}{\sin x} = \text{RHS}$

28. (a) LHS = $\frac{1 - \cos^2 y}{\cos y} = \text{RHS}$

29. LHS = $\sin \theta \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \text{RHS}$

30. LHS = $\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \cos x = \text{RHS}$

31. LHS = $\cos u \frac{1}{\cos u} \cot u = \text{RHS}$

32. LHS = $\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot \sin x = \text{RHS}$

33. LHS = $\sin B + \cos B \frac{\cos B}{\sin B}$
 $= \frac{\sin^2 B + \cos^2 B}{\sin B} = \frac{1}{\sin B} = \text{RHS}$

34. LHS = $\cos x - (-\sin x) = \text{RHS}$

35. LHS = $-\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha = \frac{-\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$
 $= \frac{-1}{\sin \alpha} = \text{RHS}$

36. LHS = $\csc^2 x - \sin x \csc x = \csc^2 x - 1 = \text{RHS}$

37. LHS = $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta \sin \theta}$
 $= \frac{1}{\cos \theta \sin \theta} = \text{RHS}$

38. LHS = $\sin^2 x + 2 \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x = \text{RHS}$

39. LHS = $1 - \cos^2 \beta = \sin^2 \beta = \text{RHS}$

40. LHS = $\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = \text{RHS}$

41. LHS = $\frac{(\sin x + \cos x)^2}{(\sin x + \cos x)(\sin x - \cos x)} = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x - \cos x}$
 $= \frac{(\sin x + \cos x)(\sin x - \cos x)}{(\sin x - \cos x)(\sin x - \cos x)} = \text{RHS}$

42. LHS = $[(\sin x + \cos x)^2]^2$
 $= (\sin^2 x + 2 \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x)^2 = \text{RHS}$

43. LHS = $\frac{\frac{1}{\cos t} - \cos t}{\frac{1}{\cos t}} \cdot \frac{\cos t}{\cos t} = \frac{1 - \cos^2 t}{1} = \text{RHS}$

44. LHS = $\frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \cdot \frac{1 - \sin x}{1 - \sin x} = \frac{1 - 2 \sin x + \sin^2 x}{1 - \sin^2 x}$
 $= \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} - \frac{2 \sin x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$
 $= \sec^2 x - 2 \sec x \tan x + \tan^2 x$
 $= (\sec x - \tan x)^2 = \text{RHS}$

45. LHS = $\frac{1}{\cos^2 y} = \sec^2 y = \text{RHS}$

46. LHS = $\frac{1}{\sin x} - \sin x = \frac{1 - \sin^2 x}{\sin x} = \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} = \text{RHS}$

47. LHS = $\cot x \cos x + \cot x - \csc x \cos x - \csc x$
 $= \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} = \frac{\cos^2 x - 1}{\sin x}$
 $= \frac{-\sin^2 x}{\sin x} = \text{RHS}$

48. LHS = $(\sin^2 \theta)^2 - (\cos^2 \theta)^2$
 $= (\sin^2 \theta - \cos^2 \theta)(\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta) = \text{RHS}$

49. LHS = $\sin^2 x \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} \right) = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = \text{RHS}$

50. LHS = $\cos^2 x - (1 - \cos^2 x) = 2 \cos^2 x - 1 = \text{RHS}$

51. LHS = $2(1 - \sin^2 x) - 1 = 2 - 2 \sin^2 x - 1 = \text{RHS}$

52. LHS = $\left(\frac{\sin y}{\cos y} + \frac{\cos y}{\sin y} \right) \sin y \cos y$
 $= \sin^2 y + \cos^2 y = \text{RHS}$

53. LHS = $\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}$
 $= \frac{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha(1 + \cos \alpha)} = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha(1 + \cos \alpha)} = \text{RHS}$

54. LHS = $1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \sec^2 \alpha = \text{RHS}$

55. LHS = $\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} - \frac{\sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta}$
 $= \frac{\sin^2 \theta(1 - \cos^2 \theta)}{\cos^2 \theta} = \frac{\sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = \text{RHS}$

56. LHS = $\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin^2 \theta} \cos^2 \theta = \frac{\cos^2 \theta(1 - \sin^2 \theta)}{\sin^2 \theta}$
 $= \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin^2 \theta} - \frac{\cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta}{\sin^2 \theta} = \text{RHS}$

57. LHS = $\frac{\sin x - 1}{\sin x + 1} \cdot \frac{\sin x + 1}{\sin x + 1} = \frac{\sin^2 x - 1}{(\sin x + 1)^2} = \text{RHS}$

58. LHS = $\frac{\sin w}{\sin w + \cos w} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{\cos w}}{\frac{1}{\cos w}} = \frac{\frac{\sin w}{\cos w}}{\frac{\sin w}{\cos w} + \frac{\cos w}{\cos w}} = \text{RHS}$

59. LHS = $\frac{\sin^2 t + 2 \sin t \cos t + \cos^2 t}{\sin t \cos t}$
 $= \frac{\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t}{\sin t \cos t} + \frac{2 \sin t \cos t}{\sin t \cos t} = \frac{1}{\sin t \cos t} + 2$
 $= \text{RHS}$

$$60. \text{ LHS} = \frac{1}{\cos t} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin t} \cdot \left(\frac{\sin t}{\cos t} + \frac{\cos t}{\sin t} \right) \\ = \frac{1}{\cos^2 t} + \frac{1}{\sin^2 t} = \text{RHS}$$

$$61. \text{ LHS} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u}}{1 - \frac{\sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u}} \cdot \frac{\cos^2 u}{\cos^2 u} = \frac{\cos^2 u + \sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u - \sin^2 u} = \text{RHS}$$

$$62. \text{ LHS} = \frac{1 + \sec^2 x}{\sec^2 x} = \frac{1}{\sec^2 x} + 1 = \cos^2 x + 1 = \text{RHS}$$

$$63. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\sec x}{\sec x - \tan x} \cdot \frac{\sec x + \tan x}{\sec x + \tan x} \\ = \frac{\sec x(\sec x + \tan x)}{\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$64. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\sin x}}{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}} \cdot \frac{\sin x \cos x}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$65. \text{ LHS} = (\sec v - \tan v) \cdot \frac{\sec v + \tan v}{\sec v + \tan v} \\ = \frac{\sec^2 v - \tan^2 v}{\sec v + \tan v} = \text{RHS}$$

$$66. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\sin A}{1 - \cos A} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos A}{1 + \cos A} - \cot A \\ = \frac{\sin A(1 + \cos A)}{1 - \cos^2 A} - \cot A \\ = \frac{\sin A(1 + \cos A)}{\sin^2 A} - \frac{\cos A}{\sin A} \\ = \frac{1}{\sin A} + \frac{\cos A}{\sin A} - \frac{\cos A}{\sin A} = \text{RHS}$$

$$67. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{1}{\sin x}} = \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\cos x \sin x}} \\ = (\sin x + \cos x) \frac{\cos x \sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$68. \text{ LHS} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1 - \cos x}{1 - \cos x} + \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\sin x} \\ = \frac{1 - 2 \cos x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\sin x(1 - \cos x)} = \frac{2 - 2 \cos x}{\sin x(1 - \cos x)} \\ = \frac{2(1 - \cos x)}{\sin x(1 - \cos x)} = \text{RHS}$$

$$69. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}}{\frac{1}{\cos x} - 1} \cdot \frac{\sin x \cos x}{\sin x \cos x} = \frac{\cos x(1 - \cos x)}{\sin x(1 - \cos x)} \\ = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$70. \text{ LHS} = \frac{1}{\sec^2 x} = \cos^2 x = \text{RHS}$$

$$71. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u} - \frac{\sin^2 u \cos^2 u}{\cos^2 u} = \frac{\sin^2 u}{\cos^2 u}(1 - \cos^2 u) = \text{RHS}$$

$$72. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\tan v \sin v}{\tan v + \sin v} \cdot \frac{\tan v - \sin v}{\tan v - \sin v} \\ = \frac{\tan v \sin v (\tan v - \sin v)}{\tan^2 v - \sin^2 v} \\ = \frac{\tan v \sin v (\tan v - \sin v)}{\sin^2 v (\sec^2 v - 1)} \\ = \frac{\tan v \sin v (\tan v - \sin v)}{\sin^2 v \tan^2 v} = \text{RHS}$$

$$73. \text{ LHS} = (\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x)(\sec^2 x + \tan^2 x) = \text{RHS}$$

$$74. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\cos \theta}{1 - \sin \theta} \cdot \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{1 + \sin \theta} = \frac{\cos \theta(1 + \sin \theta)}{1 - \sin^2 \theta} \\ = \frac{\cos \theta(1 + \sin \theta)}{\cos^2 \theta} = \text{RHS}$$

$$75. \text{ RHS} = \frac{\sin \theta - \frac{1}{\sin \theta}}{\cos \theta - \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}} = \frac{\frac{\sin^2 \theta - 1}{\sin \theta}}{\frac{\cos \theta \sin \theta - \cos \theta}{\sin \theta}} \\ = \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\cos \theta(\sin \theta - 1)} = \text{LHS}$$

$$76. \text{ LHS} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{1 - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{\cos x} = \frac{\cos x + \sin x}{\cos x - \sin x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$77. \text{ LHS} = \frac{-\sin^2 t + \tan^2 t}{\sin^2 t} = -1 + \frac{\sin^2 t}{\cos^2 t} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin^2 t} \\ = -1 + \sec^2 t = \text{RHS}$$

$$78. \text{ LHS} = \frac{(1 + \sin x) - (1 - \sin x)}{(1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x)} = \frac{2 \sin x}{1 - \sin^2 x} = \frac{2 \sin x}{\cos^2 x} \\ = 2 \frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$79. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\sec x - \tan x + \sec x + \tan x}{(\sec x + \tan x)(\sec x - \tan x)} \\ = \frac{2 \sec x}{\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$80. \text{ LHS} = \frac{(1 + \sin x)^2 - (1 - \sin x)^2}{(1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x)} \\ = \frac{1 + 2 \sin x + \sin^2 x - 1 + 2 \sin x - \sin^2 x}{1 - \sin^2 x} \\ = \frac{4 \sin x}{\cos^2 x} = 4 \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$81. \text{ LHS} = \tan^2 x + 2 \tan x \cot x + \cot^2 x = \tan^2 x + 2 + \cot^2 x \\ = (\tan^2 x + 1) + (\cot^2 x + 1) = \text{RHS}$$

$$82. \text{ LHS} = (\sec^2 x - 1) - (\csc^2 x - 1) \\ = \sec^2 x - \csc^2 x = \text{RHS}$$

$$83. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\frac{1}{\cos u} - 1}{\frac{1}{\cos u} + 1} \cdot \frac{\cos u}{\cos u} = \text{RHS}$$

$$84. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\cot x - 1} \cdot \frac{\tan x}{\tan x} = \frac{\tan x \cot x + \tan x}{\tan x \cot x - \tan x} \\ = \frac{1 + \tan x}{1 - \tan x} = \text{RHS}$$

$$85. \text{ LHS} = \frac{(\sin x + \cos x)(\sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x)}{\sin x + \cos x} \\ = \sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x = \text{RHS}$$

$$86. \text{ LHS} = \frac{\tan v - \cot v}{(\tan v - \cot v)(\tan v + \cot v)} \\ = \frac{1}{\tan v + \cot v} = \frac{1}{\frac{\sin v}{\cos v} + \frac{\cos v}{\sin v}} \cdot \frac{\sin v \cos v}{\sin v \cos v} \\ = \frac{\sin v \cos v}{\sin^2 v + \cos^2 v} = \text{RHS}$$

$$87. \text{ LHS} = \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x} \cdot \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} = \frac{(1 + \sin x)^2}{1 - \sin^2 x} \\ = \frac{(1 + \sin x)^2}{\cos^2 x} = \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} \right)^2 = \text{RHS}$$

88. LHS = $\frac{\sin x + \cos y}{\cos x + \sin y} = \left(\frac{\sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y}{\cos x \cos y} \right)$
 $\times \left(\frac{\sin x \sin y}{\cos x \sin y + \sin x \cos y} \right)$
 $= \frac{\sin x \sin y}{\cos x \cos y} = \tan x \tan y = \text{RHS}$

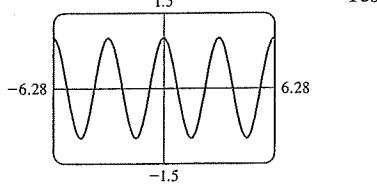
89. LHS = $\left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right)^4 = \left(\frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\sin x \cos x} \right)^4$
 $= \left(\frac{1}{\sin x \cos x} \right)^4 = \text{RHS}$

90. LHS = $\left(\sin \alpha - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \right) \left(\cos \alpha - \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \right)$
 $= \sin \alpha \left(1 - \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} \right) \cdot \cos \alpha \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \right)$
 $= \cos \alpha \left(1 - \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} \right) \sin \alpha \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \right)$
 $= (\cos \alpha - 1)(\sin \alpha - 1) = \text{RHS}$

91. $\tan \theta$ 92. $\sec \theta$ 93. $\tan \theta$ 94. $\frac{1}{8} \cot^2 \theta \cos \theta$

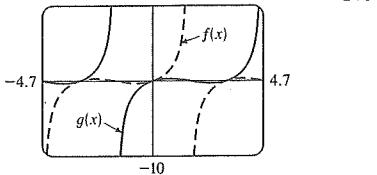
95. $3 \cos \theta$ 96. $\sin \theta$

97.



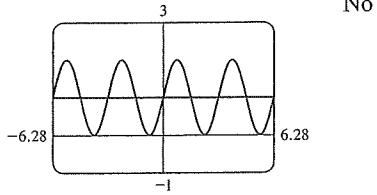
Yes

98.



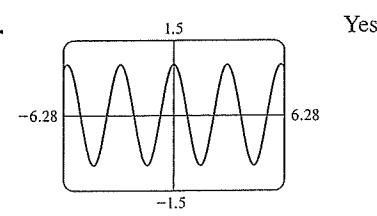
No

99.



No

100.



Yes

SECTION 7.2 ■ PAGE 505

- addition; $\sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y$
- subtraction; $\cos x \cos y + \sin x \sin y$
- $\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$ 4. $\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$ 5. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$
- $-\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$ 7. $2 - \sqrt{3}$ 8. $\sqrt{3} - 2$

9. $-\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$ 10. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$ 11. $\sqrt{3} - 2$
12. $-\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$ 13. $-\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$ 14. $-(2 + \sqrt{3})$
15. $\sqrt{2}/2$ 16. 0 17. $\frac{1}{2}$ 18. $\sqrt{3}/3$ 19. $\sqrt{3}$ 20. $-\frac{1}{2}$

21. LHS = $\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - u)}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - u)} = \frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cos u - \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \sin u}{\cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos u + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin u}$
 $= \frac{\cos u}{\sin u} = \text{RHS}$

22. LHS = $\frac{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - u)}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - u)} = \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos u + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin u}{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cos u - \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \sin u}$
 $= \frac{\sin u}{\cos u} = \text{RHS}$

23. LHS = $\frac{1}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - u)} = \frac{1}{\cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos u + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin u}$
 $= \frac{1}{\sin u} = \text{RHS}$

24. LHS = $\frac{1}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - u)} = \frac{1}{\sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cos u - \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \sin u}$
 $= \frac{1}{\cos u} = \text{RHS}$

25. LHS = $\sin x \cos \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos x \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = \text{RHS}$

26. LHS = $\cos x \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + \sin x \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = \text{RHS}$

27. LHS = $\sin x \cos \pi - \cos x \sin \pi = \text{RHS}$

28. LHS = $\cos x \cos \pi + \sin x \sin \pi = \text{RHS}$

29. LHS = $\frac{\tan x - \tan \pi}{1 + \tan x \tan \pi} = \text{RHS}$

30. LHS = $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cos x - \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \sin x = \cos x$

RHS = $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + x\right) = \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \cos x + \cos \frac{\pi}{2} \sin x = \cos x$

31. LHS = $\cos x \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - \sin x \sin \frac{\pi}{6} + \sin x \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - \cos x \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos x - \frac{1}{2} \sin x + \frac{1}{2} \sin x - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos x = \text{RHS}$

32. LHS = $\frac{\tan x - \tan \frac{\pi}{4}}{1 + \tan x \tan \frac{\pi}{4}} = \text{RHS}$

33. LHS = $\sin x \cos y + \cos x \sin y$
 $- (\sin x \cos y - \cos x \sin y) = \text{RHS}$

34. LHS = $\cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y + \cos x \cos y$
 $+ \sin x \sin y = \text{RHS}$

35. LHS = $\frac{1}{\tan(x - y)} = \frac{1 + \tan x \tan y}{\tan x - \tan y}$
 $= \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\cot x} \frac{1}{\cot y}}{\frac{1}{\cot x} - \frac{1}{\cot y}} \cdot \frac{\cot x \cot y}{\cot x \cot y} = \text{RHS}$

36. LHS = $\frac{1}{\tan(x + y)} = \frac{1 - \tan x \tan y}{\tan x + \tan y}$

$= \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\cot x} \frac{1}{\cot y}}{\frac{1}{\cot x} + \frac{1}{\cot y}} \cdot \frac{\cot x \cot y}{\cot x \cot y}$

$= \frac{\cot x \cot y - 1}{\cot x + \cot y} = \text{RHS}$