

$$\text{Q1} \quad \tan 15^\circ = \tan(45^\circ - 30^\circ)$$

$$\frac{\tan 45^\circ - \tan 30^\circ}{1 + \tan 45^\circ \tan 30^\circ} = \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}}{1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}} \cdot \frac{3}{3} = \frac{3 - \sqrt{3}}{3 + \sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{(3 - \sqrt{3})}{(3 + \sqrt{3})} \cdot \frac{(3 - \sqrt{3})}{(3 - \sqrt{3})} = \frac{9 - 3\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{3} + 3}{9 - 3} = \frac{12 - 6\sqrt{3}}{6}$$

$$\boxed{= 2 - \sqrt{3}} \quad \cancel{\frac{6(2 - \sqrt{3})}{6}}$$

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$$\cos \frac{\pi}{12} = \cos \left(\frac{4\pi}{12} - \frac{3\pi}{12} \right) = \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$$

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{3} \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \sin \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$$

~~$\alpha \approx \beta$~~

$$\frac{\cos(\alpha - \beta)}{\cos(\alpha + \beta)} = \frac{\cot\alpha + \tan\beta}{\cot\alpha - \tan\beta}$$

$$\cot\alpha = \frac{\cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha}$$

$$\tan\beta = \frac{\sin\beta}{\cos\beta}$$

$$\frac{(\cos\alpha \cos\beta + \sin\alpha \sin\beta)}{(\cos\alpha \cos\beta - \sin\alpha \sin\beta)} / \frac{(\sin\alpha \cos\beta)}{(\sin\alpha \cos\beta)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\cancel{\cos\alpha \cos\beta}}{\sin\alpha \cos\beta} + \frac{\cancel{\sin\alpha \sin\beta}}{\sin\alpha \cos\beta} &= \frac{\cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha} + \frac{\sin\beta}{\cos\beta} \\ \frac{\cancel{\cos\alpha \cos\beta}}{\sin\alpha \cos\beta} - \frac{\cancel{\sin\alpha \sin\beta}}{\sin\alpha \cos\beta} &= \frac{\cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha} - \frac{\sin\beta}{\cos\beta} \\ &= \frac{\cot\alpha + \tan\beta}{\cot\alpha - \tan\beta} \end{aligned}$$

 ~~$\alpha \approx \beta$~~

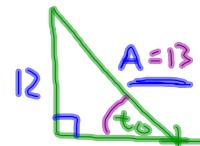
$$A \cos(t - t_0) = -\frac{S \cos t}{A} + \frac{R \sin t}{A}$$

$$\cos(t - t_0) = \frac{-S}{A} \cos t + \frac{R}{A} \sin t$$

$$\underline{\cos t} \cos t_0 + \underline{\sin t} \sin t_0 = -\frac{S}{A} \underline{\cos t} + \frac{R}{A} \underline{\sin t}$$

CAH

$$\text{so } \cos t_0 = -\frac{S}{A} \quad \sin t_0 = \frac{R}{A}$$



$$= 13 \cos\left(t - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{R}{S}\right)\right) \quad \tan t_0 = \frac{12}{-S}$$

$$13 \cos\left(t + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{R}{S}\right)\right) \quad \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{R}{S}\right) = t_0$$

$$A = \sqrt{(-S)^2 + (R)^2}$$

$$A = \sqrt{169} = 13$$

$$\text{because } \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{R}{S}\right) = -\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{R}{S}\right)$$