

Notes 7.3: Double-Angle, Half-Angle & Product-Sum Formulas

Double Angle Formulas:

- $\sin 2x = 2\sin x \cos x$
- $\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = 1 - 2\sin^2 x = 2\cos^2 x - 1$
- $\tan 2x = \frac{2\tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x}$

Formulas for Lowering Powers

- $\sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2}$
- $\cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}$
- $\tan^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{1 + \cos 2x}$

Half-Angle Formulas

- $\sin \frac{u}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos u}{2}}$
- $\cos \frac{u}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos u}{2}}$
- $\tan \frac{u}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos u}{\sin u} = \frac{\sin u}{1 + \cos u}$

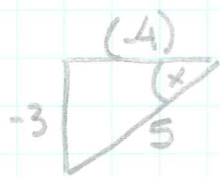
Product to Sum Formulas

- $\sin u \cdot \cos v = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(u+v) + \sin(u-v)]$
- $\cos u \cdot \sin v = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(u+v) - \sin(u-v)]$
- $\cos u \cdot \cos v = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(u+v) + \cos(u-v)]$
- $\sin u \cdot \sin v = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(u-v) - \cos(u+v)]$

Sum to Product Formulas

- $\sin x + \sin y = 2 \sin \frac{x+y}{2} \cos \frac{x-y}{2}$
- $\sin x - \sin y = 2 \cos \frac{x+y}{2} \sin \frac{x-y}{2}$
- $\cos x + \cos y = 2 \cos \frac{x+y}{2} \cos \frac{x-y}{2}$
- $\cos x - \cos y = -2 \sin \frac{x+y}{2} \sin \frac{x-y}{2}$

ex: 7) $\sin x = -\frac{3}{5}$ in III



$$\cos x = -\frac{4}{5}$$

$$\tan x = \frac{3}{4}$$

find $\sin 2x$, $\cos 2x$, $\tan 2x$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\sin 2x} &= 2 \sin x \cos x = 2 \cdot -\frac{3}{5} \cdot -\frac{4}{5} \\ &= \frac{24}{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\cos 2x} &= \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x \\ &= \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 - \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 = \frac{16}{25} - \frac{9}{25} = \frac{7}{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{\tan 2x} &= \frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{3}{4}}{1 - \frac{9}{16}} = \frac{\frac{6}{4}}{\frac{7}{16}} \\ &= \frac{24}{7} \end{aligned}$$