## **Oregon Institute of Technology Dual Credit Program**

## Math 112, Spring 2019

Exam 2

Show any relevant work. For each problem, circle your final answer

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (15 points) For each value of t given below, find the reference number t' and the coordinates of the terminal point determined by t. Include a reference angle sketch.

**a.** 
$$t = \frac{5\pi}{4}$$

**b.**  $t = -\frac{7\pi}{6}$ 

- 2. (15 points) Find the exact value of each of the following. Include a reference angle sketch.
  - **a.** sec  $(-\frac{\pi}{4})$

**b.**  $tan(\frac{7\pi}{3})$ 

3. (16 points) Suppose  $\sin x = -\frac{8}{17}$  and  $\cos x > 0$ . Find the following: (Include a reference triangle) a. sin(-x) b. tan(x) 4. (6 points) For what values of x is  $tan^{-1}(tan x) = x$ ?

- **5.** (16 points) For each of the following functions, sketch one period of the graph carefully. Label the grid sufficiently to indicate the period, amplitude and asymptotes.
  - a.  $f(x) = 2\cos 2\pi(x+3)$ b.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}tan(\pi x)$
- 6. (16 points) Find the exact values of each of the following. Include a reference angle sketch.

**a.** 
$$sin^{-1}(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})$$

**b.**  $cos^{-1}(tan(\frac{5\pi}{3}))$ 

**c.** 
$$sin^{-1}(sin(\frac{5\pi}{4}))$$

- 7. (16 points) The alternating half-daily cycles of the rise and fall of the ocean are called tides. Tides in one section of the Bay of Fundy (Canada!!) cause the water level to rise 6.5*m* above mean sea level and drop 6.5*m* below. The tide completes one cycle every 12 *hours*. Assuming the height of water with respect to mean sea level is modeled by a sine function;
  - a) Sketch a graph that models the position of the water in reference to mean sea level for one complete day. (be sure and label your axes)



**b**) Find an equation for this model.

c) What is the maximum displacement between low tide and high tide?