

8.4 Parametric Equations

Graphs that can't be modelled by functions can be modelled by Parametric Equations

- 31) a. Graph curve
b. Write rectangular EQ
- 32) Line Segment

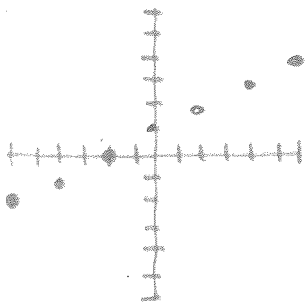
(x, y) where $x=f(t)$ $y=g(t)$ t is the parameter on the interval $a \leq t \leq b$

t	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
x	-6	-4	-2	0	2	4	6
y	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4

$$-3 \leq t \leq 3$$

$$x = 2t$$

$$y = t + 1$$



Converting Equations to Rectangular

1) solve $x(t)$ for t

$$x = 2t \quad \frac{x}{2} = t$$

2) substitute t into $y(t)$

$$y = \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + 1$$

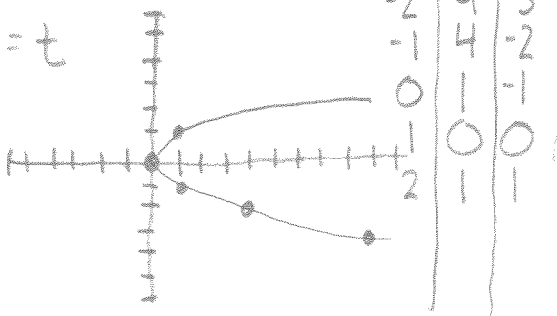
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$$

$$x = t^2 - 2t + 1 \quad y = t - 1$$

$$x = (t-1)^2 \quad y = (\sqrt{x} + 1) - 1$$

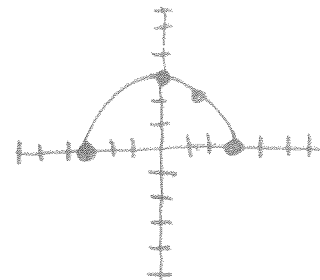
$$\sqrt{x} = t - 1 \quad y = \sqrt{x}$$

$$\sqrt{x} + 1 = t$$



$$x = 3\cos 2t \quad y = 3\sin 2t \quad \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq \pi$$

t	x	y
0	3	0
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	-3	0
π	3	0



$$x^2 + y^2 = (3\cos \theta)^2 + (3\sin \theta)^2$$

$$= 9\cos^2 \theta + 9\sin^2 \theta$$

$$= 9(\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta) = 9$$

Converting to Parametric Equations

$$y = 2x - 3 \quad \text{from } (-1, -5) \text{ to } (3, 3) \quad m = 2$$

$$x(t) = -1 - 2t \quad 0 \leq t \leq -2$$

$$-2 \leq t \leq 0$$

$$y(t) = -5 - 4t$$

$$\text{or } x(t) = -1 + 2t$$

$$y(t) = -5 + 4t \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2$$

$$y = -3x$$

$$\text{from } (-2, 6) \text{ to } (3, -9) \quad m = -3$$

$$x(t) = -2 + t \quad y(t) = 6 - 3t \quad 0 \leq t \leq 5$$

$$x(t) = -2 + 5t \quad y(t) = 6 - 15t \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$y = 3x - 2$$

$$\text{from } (-3, -11) \text{ to } (5, 13) \quad m = 3$$

$$x(t) = -3 + t \quad y(t) = -11 + 3t \quad 0 \leq t \leq 8$$

$$x(t) = -3 + 2t \quad y(t) = -11 + 6t \quad 0 \leq t \leq 4$$

HW: p. 667; 1, 3, 5, 9, 11, 19, 21, 23, ~~42~~, 43 from $(-1, 6)$ to $(3, -2)$,
and 44 from $(0, 4)$ to $(-5, 0)$